



**Notice of Proposed Rule Making
NPRM 25/16/107-24
19 November 2025**

**Part 107
Airport Security Programme**

**Consequential Amendments
Part 139
Part 140**

**Docket 25/16/CAR107-24
2025 Rules Review**

Proposed Applicable Date: 19 November 2025



Background to the Civil Aviation Rules

The Papua New Guinea (PNG) Civil Aviation Rules (CARs) establish the minimum regulatory safety boundary for participants to gain entry into, operate within, and exit the Papua New Guinea civil aviation system. The Rules as structured in a manner similar to the Civil Aviation Rules of New Zealand and the Federal Aviation Regulations of the USA. Where practicable the Rules also align with the regulatory code of the Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Australia.

Rules are divided into Parts and each Part contains a series of individual rules which relate to a particular aviation activity. Advisory Circulars accompany many rule Parts and contain information about standards, practices and procedures that the Director has established to be an Acceptable Means of Compliance (AMC) with the associated rule. An Advisory Circular (AC) may also contain guidance material (GM) to facilitate compliance with the rule requirements.

The objective of the Civil Aviation Rules system is to strike a balance of responsibility between, the State and regulatory authority, the Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea (CASA PNG), and those who provide services and exercise privileges in the civil aviation system. This balance must enable the State and regulatory authority to set standards for, and monitor performance of aviation participants while providing the maximum flexibility for the participants to develop their own means of compliance within the safety boundary.

Section 45 of the *Civil Aviation Act 2000* (Act) prescribes general requirements for participants in the civil aviation system and requires, amongst other things, participants to carry out their activities safely and in accordance with the relevant prescribed safety standards and practices.

Section 69 of the Act allows the Minister to make ordinary rules for any of the following purposes:

- (a) The implementation of Papua New Guinea's obligations under the Convention
- (b) To provide for a safe, sustainable, effective and efficient aviation services
- (c) The provision of aviation meteorological services, search and rescue services and civil aviation security programmes and services
- (d) Assisting aviation safety and security, including but not limited to personal security
- (e) Assisting economic development
- (f) Improving access and mobility
- (g) Protecting and promoting public health
- (h) Ensuring environmental sustainability
- (i) Any matter related or reasonably incidental to any of the following:
 - (1) The Minister's functions and role under section 8 of the Act;
 - (2) The Authority's general objects and functions under section 11 of the Act;
 - (3) The Authority's functions in relation to safety under section 12 of the Act; and
 - (4) The Director's functions and powers under section 17 the Act
 - (5) The Director's powers under section 52A, 53 and 54 of the Act
- (j) Any other matter contemplated by any provision of the Act.



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1. Purpose of this NPRM

The purpose of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking is to submit for consideration proposed amendments to Civil Aviation Rule Part 107

2. Background to the Proposal

2.1 General Summary

The last amendment to CAR Part 107 was amendment 6.

These proposed changes will ensure alignment with the security standards outlined in Annex 17. These proposed changes specifically seek to address findings from the 2025 Universal Security Audit Programme – Continuous Monitoring Approach (USAP CMA), where certain Protocol Questions (PQs) related to Critical Elements (CEs) 02 and 03 were found to be unsatisfactory. In addition, the amendments intend to rectify incorrect rule references and make minor editorial corrections.

Amendment 18 to ICAO Annex 17 introduced updates to international security standards, requiring Papua New Guinea (PNG) to update its regulations to maintain alignment with international standards and best practices. As a result, it is necessary to amend Part 108 and ensure that security standards applied in PNG meet all relevant ICAO Annex 17 standards and measures for both domestic and international operations. To further strengthen regulatory compliance, the following changes to Part 107 are proposed in response to Protocol Questions (PQs) and audit findings identified by ICAO during the 2025 Universal Security Audit Programme – Continuous Monitoring Approach (USAP-CMA) audit in May 2025:

Provide specific clear rule reference for requirement relating to establishment and implementation of screening and appropriate security controls for access to airside and security restricted areas from non-terminal locations.

2.2 NPRM Development

As a signatory to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, Papua New Guinea is committed to aligning its regulations to ICAO SARPS, where practicable. NPRM development is triggered by several key factors. A primary trigger for NPRM is the amendments of various Annexes to the Convention. Additionally, NPRMs may be triggered when internal reviews, audits or accident and incident investigations reveal safety or compliance gaps in existing regulations that could impact aviation safety. Evolving industry best practices and technological advancements play a significant role in driving the need for regulatory updates through NPRMs. The proposed amendments are developed in consultation with internal subject matter experts.

2.3 Key Stakeholders

The Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea identifies the following as key stakeholders for the proposed rule amendments contained in this NPRM;

- (1) The Civil Aviation Safety Authority;
- (2) The Minister for Transport;
- (3) The Minister for Civil Aviation;
- (4) Aviation Document Holders and
- (5) Other interested stakeholders



3. Consequential Amendments

There are consequential amendments in the following Parts:

- (a) Part 139 Subpart D
- (b) Part 140

4. Exemptions

There are no current Exemptions against this Rule Part.

5. Impact Assessment

There were no significant issues identified during the development of this NPRM

5.1 Safety

This amendment has a positive impact on improving overall safety of airport and aerodrome operations.

5.2 Compliance Cost

There would be negligible cost for the service providers to comply with this amendment.

5.3 Security: Positive

This amendment has a positive impact on improving overall security of airport and aerodrome operations in compliance with ICAO Annex 17 requirements.

5.4 Environment

Negligible environmental impact.

5.5 Efficiency and capacity

Implementation will result in efficiency gains and overall positive impact.

5.6 Expected implementation time:

Date of publication of final rule.

6. Summary of changes

Amendment 7 aligns Part 107 with Amendment 18 of ICAO Annex 17 requirements and audit findings raised by ICAO during the 2019 USAP:

New:

- Rule 107.53(d)(22) for screening.

Amendment:

- Rule 107.53(12) for cybersecurity
- Rule 107.53(d)(14) for clarity.



7. Legislative & Policy Analysis

7.1 Power to make rules

The Minister may make ordinary rules under sections 69, 70, 71 and 72 of the *Civil Aviation Act 2000*, for various purposes including implementing Papua New Guinea's obligations under the Convention, assisting aviation safety and security, and any matter contemplated under the Act.

These proposed rules are made pursuant to:

- (a) Section 69(1)(a) which provides for the Minister to make rules for the implementation of Papua New Guinea's obligations under the Convention;
- (b) Section 72(a) which provides for the Minister to make rule for the designation, classification, and certification of-
 - (1) Air services;
 - (2) Aerodrome operators;
 - (3) Aviation security providers;
 - (4) Aviation training organizations"
 - (5) Aircraft design, manufacture, maintenance, and supply organizations;
 - (6) Air traffic services;
 - (7) Aviation meteorological services;
 - (8) Aeronautical communication services;
 - (9) Aeronautical procedures.

The proposed amendment of Part 107 complies with the requirements of the *Civil Aviation Act* and does not contravene *the Constitution, the Aerodrome (Business Concession) Act, Civil Aviation (Air Craft Operator Liability) Act, Aircraft Charges Act, Airport Departure Tax Act, the Explosive Act, Firearms Act, Customs Act, Plant and Disease Control Act* and the *Environmental Act*.

The proposed Rule has been checked for language and compliance with the legal conventions of Papua New Guinea.

7.2 Matters to be taken into account

This NPRM is developed in accordance with the primary statutory requirements, including but not limited to those set out in s.2 and s. 75 of the Act and key government policy priorities. The matters taken into consideration include:

- 7.2.1 Enhancing safety, security, efficiency, and service quality in the civil aviation system in a sustainable manner.
- 7.2.2 Facilitating access to the air transport network, contributing to the economic and social development of Papua New Guinea.
- 7.2.3 Establishing rules of operation and responsibilities within the civil aviation system to promote safety and security at a reasonable cost.
- 7.2.4 Implementing Papua New Guinea's obligations under international aviation and meteorological agreements.
- 7.2.5 Modernizing and harmonizing regulations with international practice is important.
- 7.2.6 Ensuring provision of civil aviation and meteorological services and facilities as



efficiently and economically as practicable.

7.2.7 Driving sustainability and inclusive national development.

7.2.8 Engaging all stakeholders through transparent policy and rulemaking processes.

8. Submissions on the NPRM

8.1 Submissions are invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule amendment by submitting written data, views, or comments. All submissions will be considered before final action on the proposed rule amendment is taken. If there is a need to make any significant change to the rule requirements in the proposal as a result of the submissions received, then interested persons may be invited to make further submissions.

8.2 Examination of submissions

All submissions will be available in the rules docket for examination by interested persons both before and after the closing date for submissions. A consultation summary will be published with the final rule.

Submissions may be examined by application to the Docket Clerk at the Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea between 8:30 am and 3:30 pm, on weekdays, except statutory holidays.

8.3 Disclosure

Submitters should note that any information attached to submissions will become part of the docket file and will be available to the public for examination at the Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea Headquarter.

Submitters should state clearly if there is any information in their submission that is commercially sensitive, or for some other reason the submitter does not want the information to be released to other interested parties.

9. How to make submission

Submissions may be sent by the following methods:

- By Mail: Docket Clerk (NPRM 25/16/107-24)
Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea
PO Box 1941
Boroko
National Capital District
- Delivered: Docket Clerk (NPRM 25/16/107-24)
Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea
Morea-Tobo Road
Six Mile, Jacksons Airport
Port Moresby NCD
- By Fax: Docket Clerk (NPRM 25/16/107-24)
3251789 / 325 1919
- By Email: Docket Clerk (NPRM 25/16/107-24)
rules@casapng.gov.pg



9.1 Final date for submissions

Comments must be received before **COB, 26th September 2025.**

9.2 Availability of the NPRM

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM from-

CASA PNG web site: www.casapng.gov.pg

Or at a cost from

Docket Clerk

Civil Aviation Safety Authority of Papua New Guinea Headquarter

Building 1, Level 1

Morea-Tobo Road

Six Mile, Jacksons Airport

Port Moresby NCD

9.3 Further Information

For further information, contact:

Gloria Sikre (Ms.)

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Part 107

Airport Security Programme

107.1

Subpart B — Airport Security Programme Requirements

107.53 Security requirements

(d) ..

Other requirements

The holder of an aerodrome operating certificate for a security designated aerodrome must: -

...

(12) ~~ensure appropriate steps are taken~~ establish measures and procedures to minimise cyber threats to civil aviation operations, including:

- (i) ~~(ii)~~ identifying critical information and communications technology systems and data used for civil aviation purposes; ~~and~~
- (ii) ~~(i)~~ measures to prevent, respond to and rectify cyber-attacks and corruption of information technology systems; and
- (iii) developing and implementing appropriate measures to protect itself from unlawful interference in accordance with a risk assessment described in the national civil aviation security programme; ~~and~~

(14) ensure that ~~a percentage of~~ persons other than passengers, together with items carried, prior to entry into a security restricted area ~~or an enhanced security area serving international civil aviation operations~~;

~~(a)~~ are subject to screening; and

~~(b)~~ other security controls, are applied in accordance with the percentage of screening determined by a risk assessment carried out by the relevant national authorities.
~~aerodrome operator; and~~

...

(22) ensure that screening and appropriate security control are established and implemented for all access to airside and security restricted areas from non- terminal locations such as;

- (i) Cargo areas
- (ii) Maintenance facilities
- (iii) General aviation facilities
- (iv) Catering facilities
- (v) Fuel farms
- (vi) All designated staff and vehicle access control checkpoints
- (vii) Any other areas considered as vulnerable points